

<p>Package leaflet: Information for the user</p> <p>Lenvatinib Eisai 4 mg hard capsules Lenvatinib Eisai 10 mg hard capsules</p> <p>Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again. If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist. This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours. If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4. <p>What is in this leaflet:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> What Lenvatinib Eisai is and what it is used for What you need to know before you take Lenvatinib Eisai How to take Lenvatinib Eisai Possible side effects How to store Lenvatinib Eisai Contents of the pack and other information 	<p>3. How to take Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <p>Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.</p> <p>How much to take</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The recommended daily dose of Lenvatinib Eisai is 20 mg once a day (two 10-mg capsules) in combination with pembrolizumab either 200 mg every 3 weeks or 400 mg every 6 weeks administered as an intravenous infusion over 30 minutes. The recommended daily dose of Lenvatinib Eisai is 18 mg once a day (one 10 mg capsule and two 4 mg capsules) in combination with one 5 mg tablet of everolimus once a day. If you have severe liver or kidney problems the recommended daily dose of Lenvatinib Eisai is 10 mg once a day (1 capsule of 10 mg) in combination with one 5 mg tablet of everolimus once a day. If you are receiving lenvatinib in combination with pembrolizumab, your doctor or pharmacist will check to see how much pembrolizumab you should receive. Your doctor may reduce your dose if you experience side effects. <p>Taking this medicine</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You can take the capsules with or without food. Do not open the capsules to avoid exposure to the contents of the capsule. Swallow the capsules whole with water. If you cannot swallow the capsules whole, a liquid mixture can be prepared using water, apple juice, or milk. The liquid mixture may be given by mouth or through a feeding tube. If given through a feeding tube, then the liquid mixture should be prepared using water. If not used at the time of preparation, the liquid mixture may be stored in a covered container and must be refrigerated at 2°C to 8°C for a maximum of 24 hours. Shake the liquid mixture for 30 seconds after removing from the refrigerator. If the liquid mixture is not used within 24 hours of preparation, it should be thrown away. Preparation and administration of the liquid mixture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Place the whole capsule(s) corresponding to the prescribed dose (up to 5 capsules) in a small container (approximately 20 mL (4 tsp) capacity) or oral syringe (20 mL); do not break or crush capsules. Add 3 mL of liquid to the container or oral syringe. Wait 10 minutes for the capsule shell (outer surface) to dissolve, then stir or shake the mixture for 3 minutes until the capsules are fully dissolved. If liquid mixture is prepared in an oral syringe, cap the syringe, remove plunger and use a second syringe or medicine dropper to add the liquid to the first syringe, then replace plunger prior to mixing. Drink the liquid mixture from the container or use an oral syringe to take directly into the mouth or through a feeding tube. Next, add an additional 2 mL of liquid to the container, or oral syringe using a second syringe or dropper, swirl or shake and take the liquid mixture. Repeat this step at least twice and until there is no visible sign of the mixture to make sure all of the medication is taken. Take the capsules at about the same time each day. <p>How long to take Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <p>You will usually carry on taking this medicine as long as you are getting benefit.</p> <p>If you take more Lenvatinib Eisai than you should</p> <p>If you take more Lenvatinib Eisai than you should, talk to a doctor or pharmacist straight away. Take the medicine pack with you.</p> <p>If you forget to take Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <p>Do not take a double dose (two doses at the same time) to make up for a forgotten dose.</p> <p>What to do if you forget to take your dose depends on how long it is until your next dose.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If it is 12 hours or more until your next dose: take the missed dose as soon as you remember. Then take the next dose at the normal time. If it is less than 12 hours until your next dose: skip the missed dose. Then take the next dose at the normal time. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> dry, sore, or inflamed mouth, odd taste sensation increase in lipase and amylase (enzymes involved in digestion) changes in blood test results for liver function redness, soreness and swelling of the skin on the hands and feet (palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia) rash hair loss back pain joint or muscle pain changes in urine tests for protein (high) and urinary infections (increased frequency in urination and pain in passing urine) changes in blood test results for kidney function and kidney failure feeling very tired or weak swelling of the legs <p>Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> loss of body fluids (dehydration) signs of a stroke, including feeling numb or weak on one side of your body, severe headache, seizure, confusion, difficulty talking, vision changes or feeling dizzy heart palpitations heart problems or blood clots in the lungs (difficulty breathing, chest pain) or other organs which may include chest pain or pressure, pain in your arms, back, neck or jaw, being short of breath, rapid or irregular heart rate, coughing, bluish colour to lips or fingers, and feeling very tired anal fistula (a small channel that forms between the anus and the surrounding skin) feeling bloated or having excess wind liver failure drowsiness, confusion, poor concentration, loss of consciousness that may be signs of liver failure inflammation of the gallbladder dry skin, thickening and itching of the skin feeling unwell a hole (perforation) in the stomach or intestines <p>Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> painful infection or irritation near the anus severe pain in the upper left part of the belly (abdomen) which may be associated with fever, chills, nausea and vomiting (splenic infarction) mini-stroke severe difficulty breathing and chest pain, caused by a leak of air from your lung into your chest so your lung cannot inflate inflammation of the pancreas inflammation of the colon (colitis) liver damage bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis) wound healing problems decreased secretion of hormones produced by adrenal glands <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or between the skin and an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>The following side effects may happen with this medicine when given in combination with everolimus:</p> <p>Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> low levels of platelets in the blood which may lead to bruising and difficulty in wound healing decrease in the number of white blood cells underactive thyroid (tiredness, weight gain, constipation, feeling cold, dry skin) and changes in blood test results for thyroid stimulating hormone (high) changes in blood test results for potassium levels (low) and calcium levels (low) changes in blood test results for magnesium (low) and cholesterol (high) loss of appetite or weight loss trouble sleeping headache bleeding (most commonly nose bleeds, but also other types of bleeding such as blood in the urine, bruising, bleeding from the gums or gut wall) high blood pressure hoarse voice feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting), constipation, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, indigestion sore, or inflamed mouth, odd taste sensation increase in lipase and amylase (enzymes involved in digestion) changes in blood test results for liver function redness, soreness and swelling of the skin on the hands and feet (palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia) rash back pain joint or muscle pain changes in urine tests for protein (high) liver failure or signs of liver damage, including yellow skin or yellowing of the whites of the eyes (jaundice) or drowsiness, confusion, poor concentration wound healing problems other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or from the skin to an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms would depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). <p>Reporting of side effects</p> <p>If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play and Apple App store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.</p>	<p>5. How to store Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children. Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after 'EXP'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Do not store above 25°C. Store in the original blister in order to protect from moisture. Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment. <p>6. Contents of the pack and other information</p> <p>What Lenvatinib Eisai contains</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The active substance is lenvatinib. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lenvatinib Eisai 4 mg hard capsules: - Each hard capsule contains 4 mg of lenvatinib (as mesilate). Lenvatinib Eisai 10 mg hard capsules: - Each hard capsule contains 10 mg of lenvatinib (as mesilate). The other ingredients are calcium carbonate, mannitol, microcrystalline cellulose, hydroxypropylcellulose, low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, talc. The capsule shell contains hypromellose, titanium dioxide (E171), yellow iron oxide (E172), red iron oxide (E172). The printing ink contains shellac, black iron oxide (E172), potassium hydroxide, propylene glycol. <p>What Lenvatinib Eisai looks like and contents of the pack</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lenvatinib Eisai 4 mg hard capsule: yellowish red body and yellowish red cap, approximately 14.3 mm in length, marked in black ink with "E" on the cap, and "LENV 4 mg" on the body. Lenvatinib Eisai 10 mg hard capsule: yellow body and yellowish red cap, approximately 14.3 mm in length, marked in black ink with "E" on the cap, and "LENV 10 mg" on the body. The capsules come in blisters with a push through aluminium foil lidding in cartons of 30, 60 or 90 hard capsules. Not all pack sizes may be marketed. <p>Marketing Authorisation Holder</p> <p>Eisai Europe Limited European Knowledge Centre Mosquito Way Hatfield AL10 9SN United Kingdom</p> <p>Manufacturer</p> <p>Eisai Manufacturing Limited European Knowledge Centre Mosquito Way Hatfield AL10 9SN United Kingdom</p> <p>Company Contact Address: For further information on your medicine contact Medical Information at Eisai Europe Limited in Hatfield. Tel: + 44 (0) 208 600 1400.</p> <p>This leaflet was last revised in 04/2025.</p>
<p>1. What Lenvatinib Eisai is and what it is used for</p> <p>What Lenvatinib Eisai is</p> <p>Lenvatinib Eisai is a medicine that contains the active substance lenvatinib. It is used in combination with pembrolizumab as the first treatment for adults with advanced kidney cancer (advanced renal cell carcinoma). It is also used in combination with everolimus to treat adults with advanced kidney cancer where other treatments (so-called "VEGF-targeted therapy") have not helped stop the disease.</p> <p>How Lenvatinib Eisai works</p> <p>Lenvatinib Eisai blocks the action of proteins called receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs), which are involved in the development of new blood vessels that supply oxygen and nutrients to cells and help them to grow. These proteins can be present in high amounts in cancer cells, and by blocking their action Lenvatinib Eisai may slow the rate at which the cancer cells multiply and the tumour grows and help to cut off the blood supply that the cancer needs.</p> <p>2. What you need to know before you take Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <p>Do not take Lenvatinib Eisai if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> you are allergic to lenvatinib or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6). you are breast-feeding (see the section below on Contraception, pregnancy and breast-feeding). <p>Warnings and precautions</p> <p>Talk to your doctor before taking Lenvatinib Eisai if you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> have high blood pressure are a woman able to become pregnant (see the section "Contraception, pregnancy and breast-feeding" below) have a history of heart problems or stroke have liver or kidney problems have had recent surgery or radiotherapy need to have a surgical procedure. Your doctor may consider stopping Lenvatinib Eisai if you will be undergoing a major surgical procedure as Lenvatinib Eisai may affect wound healing. Lenvatinib Eisai may be restarted once adequate wound healing is established. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> are over 75 years old belong to an ethnic group other than White or Asian weigh less than 60 kg have a history of abnormal passageways (known as a fistula) between different organs in the body or from an organ to the skin If you have or have had an aneurysm (enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall) or a tear in a blood vessel wall. have or have had pain in the mouth, teeth and/or jaw, swelling or sores inside the mouth, numbness or a feeling of heaviness in the jaw, or loosening of a tooth. You may be advised to have a dental check-up before starting Lenvatinib Eisai as bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis) has been reported in patients treated with Lenvatinib Eisai. If you need to undergo an invasive dental treatment or dental surgery, tell your dentist that you are being treated with Lenvatinib Eisai, particularly when you are also receiving or have received injections of bisphosphonates (used to treat or prevent bone disorders). are receiving or have received some medicines used to treat osteoporosis (antiresorptive medicines) or cancer medicines which alter formation of blood vessels (so called angiogenesis inhibitors), as the risk of bone damage in the jaw may be increased. <p>Before taking Lenvatinib Eisai, your doctor may carry out some blood tests, for example to check your blood pressure and your liver or kidney function and to see if you have low levels of salt and high levels of thyroid stimulating hormone in your blood. Your doctor will discuss the results of these tests with you and decide whether you can be given Lenvatinib Eisai. You may need to have additional treatment with other medicines, to take a lower dose of Lenvatinib Eisai, or to take extra care due to an increased risk of side effects.</p> <p>If you are not sure talk to your doctor before taking Lenvatinib Eisai.</p> <p>Children and adolescents</p> <p>Lenvatinib Eisai is not currently recommended for use in children and adolescents younger than 18 years old.</p> <p>Other medicines and Lenvatinib Eisai</p> <p>Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes herbal preparations and medicines without a prescription.</p> <p>Contraception, pregnancy and breast-feeding</p> <p>If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use highly effective contraception while taking this medicine, and for at least one month after you finish treatment. Do not take Lenvatinib Eisai if you are planning to become pregnant during your treatment. This is because it may seriously harm your baby. If you become pregnant while being treated with Lenvatinib Eisai, tell your doctor immediately. Your doctor will help you decide whether the treatment should be continued. Do not breast-feed if you are taking Lenvatinib Eisai. This is because the medicine passes into breast milk and may seriously harm your breastfed baby. <p>Driving and using machines</p> <p>Lenvatinib Eisai may cause side effects that can affect your ability to drive or use machines. Avoid driving or using machines if you feel dizzy or tired.</p>	<p>4. Possible side effects</p> <p>Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. The following side effects may happen with this medicine.</p> <p>Tell your doctor straight away if you notice any of the following side effects - you may need urgent medical treatment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> feeling numb or weak on one side of your body, severe headache, seizure, confusion, difficulty talking, vision changes or feeling dizzy - these may be signs of a stroke, bleeding in your brain, or the effect on your brain of a severe increase in blood pressure. chest pain or pressure, pain in your arms, back, neck or jaw, being short of breath, rapid or irregular heart rate, coughing, bluish colour to lips or fingers, feeling very tired – these may be signs of a heart problem a blood clot in your lung or a leak of air from your lung into your chest so your lung cannot inflate. severe pain in your belly (abdomen) - this may be due to a hole in the wall of your gut or a fistula (a hole in your gut which links through a tube-like passage to another part of your body or skin). black, tarry, or bloody stools, or coughing up of blood - these may be signs of bleeding inside your body. diarrhoea, feeling and being sick - these are very common side effects that can become serious if they cause you to become dehydrated, which can lead to kidney failure. Your doctor can give you medicine to reduce these side effects. pain in the mouth, teeth and/or jaw, swelling or sores inside the mouth, numbness or a feeling of heaviness in the jaw, or loosening of a tooth - these could be signs of bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis). <p>Tell your doctor straight away if you notice any of the side effects below.</p> <p>The following side effects may happen with this medicine when given alone:</p> <p>Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> low levels of platelets in the blood which may lead to bruising and difficulty in wound healing decrease in the number of white blood cells underactive thyroid (tiredness, weight gain, constipation, feeling cold, dry skin) and changes in blood test results for thyroid stimulating hormone (high) changes in blood test results for potassium levels (low) and calcium levels (low) changes in blood test results for magnesium (low) and cholesterol (high) loss of appetite or weight loss trouble sleeping feeling dizzy headache bleeding (most commonly nose bleeds, but also other types of bleeding such as blood in the urine, bruising, bleeding from the gums or gut wall) high or low blood pressure hoarse voice feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting), constipation, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, indigestion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis) wound healing problems decreased secretion of hormones produced by adrenal glands <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or between the skin and an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>The following side effects may happen with this medicine when given in combination with everolimus:</p> <p>Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> low levels of platelets in the blood which may lead to bruising and difficulty in wound healing decrease in the number of white blood cells underactive thyroid (tiredness, weight gain, constipation, feeling cold, dry skin) and changes in blood test results for thyroid stimulating hormone (high) changes in blood test results for potassium levels (low) and calcium levels (low) changes in blood test results for magnesium (low) and cholesterol (high) loss of appetite or weight loss trouble sleeping headache bleeding (most commonly nose bleeds, but also other types of bleeding such as blood in the urine, bruising, bleeding from the gums or gut wall) high blood pressure hoarse voice feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting), constipation, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, indigestion sore, or inflamed mouth, odd taste sensation increase in lipase and amylase (enzymes involved in digestion) changes in blood test results for liver function redness, soreness and swelling of the skin on the hands and feet (palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia) rash back pain joint or muscle pain changes in urine tests for protein (high) liver failure or signs of liver damage, including yellow skin or yellowing of the whites of the eyes (jaundice) or drowsiness, confusion, poor concentration wound healing problems other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or from the skin to an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms would depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). <p>Reporting of side effects</p> <p>If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play and Apple App store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> bone damage in the jaw (osteonecrosis) wound healing problems decreased secretion of hormones produced by adrenal glands <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or between the skin and an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>The following side effects may happen with this medicine when given in combination with everolimus:</p> <p>Very common (may affect more than 1 in 10 people)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> low levels of platelets in the blood which may lead to bruising and difficulty in wound healing decrease in the number of white blood cells underactive thyroid (tiredness, weight gain, constipation, feeling cold, dry skin) and changes in blood test results for thyroid stimulating hormone (high) changes in blood test results for potassium levels (low) and calcium levels (low) changes in blood test results for magnesium (low) and cholesterol (high) loss of appetite or weight loss trouble sleeping headache bleeding (most commonly nose bleeds, but also other types of bleeding such as blood in the urine, bruising, bleeding from the gums or gut wall) high blood pressure hoarse voice feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting), constipation, diarrhoea, abdominal pain, indigestion sore, or inflamed mouth, odd taste sensation increase in lipase and amylase (enzymes involved in digestion) changes in blood test results for liver function redness, soreness and swelling of the skin on the hands and feet (palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia) rash back pain joint or muscle pain changes in urine tests for protein (high) liver failure or signs of liver damage, including yellow skin or yellowing of the whites of the eyes (jaundice) or drowsiness, confusion, poor concentration wound healing problems other types of fistulae (an abnormal connection between different organs in the body or from the skin to an underlying structure such as throat and windpipe). Symptoms would depend on where the fistula is located. Talk to your doctor if you experience any new or unusual symptoms such as coughing when swallowing. <p>Not Known (the following side effects have been reported since the marketing of Lenvatinib Eisai but the frequency for them to occur is not known)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> an enlargement and weakening of a blood vessel wall or a tear in a blood vessel wall (aneurysms and artery dissections). <p>Reporting of side effects</p> <p>If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play and Apple App store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.</p>

Cirrus

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Item No. 2006826
EML EML-LENV-2500005
CMO material no.
Description Lenvatinib
Strength All
Change Description Launch
Component Type Leaflet
Dimensions 395 x 696 mm
Keyline Reference LEAF020 v 08
Varnish
Mark(s) EU UK
Language(s) English
Barcode Type
Pharmacode 5656
Proof By CJJE
Proof Number 1
Main Body Font Size 9pt
Printed Colours 1
Date 16/04/2025

PRINTING COLOURS
● Black

TECHNICAL COLOURS
● Back Panel (Tech)
● Front Panel (Tech)
● Keyline (Non-Printing)
● Text Free Area (Tech)
● Cirrus_Info_Box

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FRONT PANEL

BACK PANEL



0mm 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200

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Item No.	2006826	PRINTING COLOURS	TECHNICAL COLOURS
EML	EML-LENV-2500005	● Black	● Back Panel (Tech)
CMO material no.			● Front Panel (Tech)
Description	Lenvatinib		● Keyline (Non-Printing)
Strength	All		● Text Free Area (Tech)
Change Description	Launch		● Cirrus_Info_Box
Component Type	Leaflet		
Dimensions	395 x 696 mm		
Keyline Reference	LEAF020 v 08		
Varnish			
Market(s)	EU, UK		
Language(s)	English		
Barcode Type			
Pharmacode	5656		
Proof By	CJE		
Proof Number	1		
Main Body Font Size	9pt		
Printed Colours	1		
Date	16/04/2025		