

Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Zenon 10 mg/10 mg

Zenon 20 mg/10 mg

Zenon 40 mg/10 mg

film-coated tablets

rosuvastatin/ezetimibe

Is this leaflet hard to see or read? Phone 0800 035 2525 for help

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Zenon is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Zenon
3. How to take Zenon
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Zenon
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Zenon is and what it is used for

Zenon contains two different active substances in one tablet. One of the active substances is rosuvastatin, belonging to the group of so-called statins, the other active substance is ezetimibe. Zenon is a medicine used to lower levels of total cholesterol, “bad” cholesterol (LDL cholesterol), and fatty substances called triglycerides in the blood. In addition, Zenon raises levels of “good” cholesterol (HDL cholesterol).

Zenon works to reduce your cholesterol in two ways. It reduces the cholesterol absorbed in your digestive tract, as well as the cholesterol your body makes by itself.

Cholesterol is one of several fatty substances found in the bloodstream. Your total cholesterol is made up mainly of LDL and HDL cholesterol.

It is used for patients who cannot control their cholesterol levels by diet alone. You should always stay on a cholesterol-lowering diet while taking this medicine.

Zenon is used in addition to your cholesterol-lowering diet if you have a raised cholesterol level in your blood due to:

- primary hypercholesterolaemia (heterozygous familial and non-familial)
- a hereditary illness (homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia) for which you were previously using a statin alone which did not control your cholesterol level or you have used a statin and ezetimibe as separate tablets

If you have heart disease, Zenon reduces the risk of heart attack, stroke, surgery to increase heart blood flow, or hospitalisation for chest pain.

Zenon does not help you lose weight.

For most people, high cholesterol does not affect the way they feel because it does not produce any symptoms. However, if it is left untreated, fatty deposits can build up in the walls of your blood vessels causing them to narrow.

Sometimes, these narrowed blood vessels can get blocked which can cut off the blood supply to the heart or brain leading to a heart attack or a stroke. If you correct your cholesterol levels, you can reduce your risk of having a heart attack, a stroke or related health problems.

You need to keep taking Zenon, even if it has got your cholesterol to the right level, because it prevents your cholesterol levels from creeping up again and causing build-up of fatty deposits. However, you should stop if your doctor tells you to do so, or you have become pregnant.

2. What you need to know before you take Zenon

Do not take Zenon:

- X If you are allergic to rosuvastatin, ezetimibe or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- X If you currently have liver problems.
- X If you are pregnant or breast-feeding. If you become pregnant while taking Zenon stop taking it immediately and tell your doctor. Women should avoid becoming pregnant while taking Zenon by using suitable contraceptive measures.
- X If you have severe kidney problems.
- X If you have repeated or unexplained muscle aches or pains (myopathy).
- X If you have ever developed a severe skin rash or skin peeling, blistering and/or mouth sores after taking Zenon or other rosuvastatin containing medicinal products.
- X If you take a drug called ciclosporin (used, for example, after organ transplants).

If any of the above applies to you (or you are in doubt), please go back and see your doctor.

In addition, do not take Zenon 40mg/10mg (the highest dose):

- X If you have moderate kidney problems (if in doubt, please ask your doctor).
- X If your thyroid gland is not working properly (hypothyroidism).
- X If you have had any repeated or unexplained muscle aches or pains, a personal or family history of muscle problems, or a previous history of muscle problems when taking other cholesterol-lowering medicines.
- X If you regularly drink large amounts of alcohol.
- X If you are of Asian origin (Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Vietnamese, Korean and Indian).
- X If you take other medicines called fibrates to lower your cholesterol (see section “Other medicines and Zenon”).

If any of the above applies to you (or you are in doubt), please go back and see your doctor.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Zenon:

- If you have problems with your kidneys.
- If you drink large amounts of alcohol or have ever had liver disease. Zenon may not be right for you.
- If you have had repeated or unexplained muscle aches or pains, a personal or family history of muscle problems, or a previous history of muscle problems when taking other cholesterol-lowering medicines. Tell your doctor immediately if you have unexplained muscle aches or pains

especially if you feel unwell or have a fever. Also, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you have a muscle weakness that is constant.

- If your thyroid gland is not working properly.
- If you have severe respiratory failure.
- If you have or have had myasthenia (a disease with general muscle weakness including in some cases muscles used when breathing), or ocular myasthenia (a disease causing eye muscle weakness) as statins may sometimes aggravate the condition or lead to the occurrence of myasthenia (see section 4).
- If you take medicines used to fight the HIV infection e.g. ritonavir with lopinavir and/or atazanavir, please see “Other medicines and Zenon”
- If you are over 70 years (as your doctor needs to choose the right start dose of Zenon to suit you).
- If you take other medicines called fibrates to lower your cholesterol (Please see “Other medicines and Zenon”).
- If you are due to have an operation. You may need to stop taking Zenon for a short time.
- If you are of Asian origin – that is Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, Vietnamese, Korean and Indian. Your doctor needs to choose the right start dose of Zenon to suit you.
- If you are taking or have taken in the last 7 days a medicine called fusidic acid, (a medicine for bacterial infection) orally or by injection. The combination of fusidic acid and Zenon can lead to serious muscle problems (rhabdomyolysis).

While you are on this medicine your doctor will monitor you closely if you have diabetes or are at risk of developing diabetes. You are likely to be at risk of developing diabetes if you have high levels of sugars and fats in your blood, are overweight and have high blood pressure.

In a small number of people, statins can affect the liver. This is identified by a simple test which looks for increased levels of liver enzymes in the blood. For this reason, your doctor will regularly carry out this blood test (liver function test) during treatment with Zenon. It is important to go to the doctor for the prescribed laboratory checks.

Serious skin reactions including Stevens-Johnson Syndrome and Drug Reaction with Eosinophilia and Systemic Symptoms (DRESS), have been reported in association with Zenon treatment. Stop using Zenon and seek medical attention immediately if you notice any of the symptoms described in section 4.

Other medicines and Zenon

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking medicine(s) with any of the following active ingredients:

- ciclosporin (often used in organ transplant patients). **Do not take Zenon while taking ciclosporin.**
- blood thinners e.g. warfarin, acenocoumarol, phenprocoumon or fluindione (their blood thinning effect and the risk of bleeding may be increased while taken together with this medicine), ticagrelor or clopidogrel.
- cholestyramine (also used to lower cholesterol) because it affects the way Zenon works.
- fibrates such as gemfibrozil, fenofibrate (also used to lower cholesterol). **Do not take the Zenon 40 mg/10 mg tablets with concomitant use of a fibrate.**
- indigestion remedies containing aluminium and magnesium (used to neutralise acid in your stomach)
- erythromycin (an antibiotic)
- an oral contraceptive (the pill)
- hormone replacement therapy
- regorafenib (used to treat cancer)

- any of the following drugs used to treat viral infections, including HIV or hepatitis C infection, alone or in combination (please see “Warnings and precautions”): ritonavir, lopinavir, atazanavir, ombitasvir, paritaprevir, dasabuvir, velpatasvir, grazoprevir, elbasvir, glecaprevir, pibrentasvir
- fusidic acid – if you need to take oral fusidic acid to treat a bacterial infection you will need to temporarily stop using this medicine. Your doctor will tell you when it is safe to restart Zenon. Taking Zenon with fusidic acid may rarely lead to muscle weakness, tenderness or pain (rhabdomyolysis). See more information regarding rhabdomyolysis in section 4.
- belumosudil (used to treat chronic graft-versus-host disease).

You should also tell any doctor who is prescribing a new medicine for you that you are taking Zenon.

Zenon with alcohol

Do not take Zenon 40mg/10mg tablets (the highest dose), if you regularly drink large amounts of alcohol.

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Do not take Zenon if you are pregnant, are trying to get pregnant or think you may be pregnant. If you get pregnant while taking Zenon, stop taking it immediately and tell your doctor.

Do not take Zenon if you are breast-feeding, because it is not known if the medicine is passed into breast milk.

Children and adolescents

Zenon is not suitable for use in children and adolescents below 18 years of age.

Driving and using machines

Zenon is not expected to interfere with your ability to drive or to use machinery. However, it should be taken into account that some people may get dizzy after taking Zenon.

Zenon contains

- **Lactose (a type of sugar):** If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.
- **Sodium:** This medicine contains less than 1mmol sodium (23mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

3. How to take Zenon

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- Before starting Zenon, you should be on a diet to lower your cholesterol.
- You should keep on this cholesterol lowering diet whilst taking Zenon.

The recommended dose is one Zenon tablet once a day.

Zenon is not suitable to start a treatment.

If your cholesterol level is not controlled, your doctor will determine the appropriate tablet strength for you, depending on your current treatment and your personal risk status.

Treatment initiation or dose adjustment, if necessary, should only be done by giving the active substances separately as monocomponents and after setting the appropriate doses the switch to Zenon of the appropriate strength is possible.

The maximum daily dose of rosuvastatin is 40mg. It is only for patients with high cholesterol levels and a high risk of heart attacks or stroke whose cholesterol levels are not lowered enough with 20mg.

Try to take your tablet at the same time every day to help you to remember it. You can take it with or without food. Swallow each tablet whole with a drink of water.

If your doctor has prescribed Zenon along with another medicine for lowering cholesterol containing the active ingredient cholestyramine or any other medicine containing bile acid sequestrant, you should take Zenon at least 2 hours before or 4 hours after taking the bile acid sequestrant.

Regular cholesterol checks

It is important to go back to your doctor for regular cholesterol checks to make sure your cholesterol has reached and is staying at the correct level. Your doctor may decide to increase your dose so that you are taking the amount of the medicine that is right for you.

If you take more Zenon than you should

Please contact your doctor or pharmacist.

If you forget to take Zenon

Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet.

If you stop taking Zenon

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist because your cholesterol may rise again.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Stop taking Zenon and seek medical help immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms:

- any unexplained muscle pain, tenderness, or weakness which go on for longer than expected. This is because muscle problems, including muscle breakdown resulting in kidney damage, can be serious and may become a potentially life-threatening condition (rhabdomyolysis). This is rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people).
- severe allergic reaction (angioedema) – signs include swelling of the face, lips, tongue and/or throat, difficulty in swallowing and breathing and a severe itching of the skin (with raised lumps). This is rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people).
- reddish non-elevated, target-like or circular patches on the trunk, often with central blisters, skin peeling, ulcers of mouth, throat, nose, genitals and eyes. These serious skin rashes can be preceded by fever and flu-like symptoms (Stevens-Johnson Syndrome).
- widespread rash, high body temperature and enlarged lymph nodes (DRESS syndrome or drug hypersensitivity syndrome)
- lupus-like disease syndrome (including rash, joint disorders and effects on blood cells)
- muscle rupture

Other known side effects:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people): diarrhoea; flatulence; feeling tired; elevations in some laboratory blood tests of liver function (transaminases); headache; stomach pain; constipation; feeling sick; muscle pain; feeling weak; dizziness; an increase in the amount of protein in the urine – this usually returns to normal on its own without having to stop taking Zenon (only rosuvastatin 40 mg);

diabetes – this is more likely if you have high levels of sugars and fats in your blood, are overweight and have high blood pressure. Your doctor will monitor you while you are taking this medicine.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people): elevations in some laboratory blood tests of muscle (CK) function; cough; indigestion; heartburn; joint pain; muscle spasms; neck pain; decreased appetite; pain; chest pain; hot flush; high blood pressure; tingling sensation; dry mouth; inflammation of the stomach; itching; rash; hives or other skin reactions; back pain; muscle weakness; pain in arms and legs; swelling, especially in the hands and feet; an increase in the amount of protein in the urine – this usually returns to normal on its own without having to stop taking Zenon (only rosuvastatin 10 mg and 20 mg).

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people): reduction in blood cell counts, which may cause bruising/bleeding (thrombocytopenia); a severe stomach pain (inflamed pancreas).

Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people): jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes); hepatitis (an inflamed liver); traces of blood in your urine; damage to the nerves of your legs and arms (such as numbness); memory loss; gynecomastia (breast enlargement in men).

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data): shortness of breath; swelling; sleep disturbances including sleeplessness and nightmares; sexual difficulties; depression; breathing problems including persistent cough and/or shortness of breath or fever; tendon injury; muscle weakness that is constant; raised red rash, sometimes with target shaped lesions (erythema multiforme); muscle tenderness; gallstones or inflammation of the gallbladder (which may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting) ; myasthenia gravis (a disease causing general muscle weakness including in some cases muscles used when breathing); ocular myasthenia (a disease causing eye muscle weakness). Talk to your doctor if you experience weakness in your arms or legs that worsens after periods of activity, double vision or drooping of your eyelids, difficulty swallowing, or shortness of breath.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow card in the Google Play or Apple App Store.

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Zenon

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and blister after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Store below 30°C in the original package in order to protect from moisture and light.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Zenon contains

- The active substances are rosuvastatin and ezetimibe. Each tablet contains 10mg, 20mg or 40mg of rosuvastatin (as rosuvastatin calcium) and 10mg of ezetimibe.
- The other ingredients are:
 - *Core*: lactose monohydrate, microcrystalline cellulose, sodium laurilsulfate, povidone, colloidal silicon dioxide, croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate.
 - *Coating layer*: hypromellose (E464), macrogol, titanium dioxide (E171), talc (E553).

Zenon 20mg/10mg also contains iron oxide yellow (E172).

Zenon 40mg/10mg also contains iron oxide red (E172).

What Zenon looks like and contents of the pack

Zenon 10mg/10mg are white to off-white, round, biconvex, film-coated tablets with a diameter about 9.1mm.

Zenon 20mg/10mg are yellow to light yellow, round, biconvex, film-coated tablets with a diameter about 9.9mm.

Zenon 40mg/10mg are pink, round, biconvex, film-coated tablets with a diameter about 11.1mm.

Film-coated tablets are packed in blister and paper folding box.

Pack sizes: 10, 15, 30, 60, 90, 100 film-coated tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and ManufacturerMarketing Authorisation Holder

Sanofi, 410 Thames Valley Park Drive, Reading, Berkshire, RG6 1PT, UK

Tel: 0800 035 2525

Email: uk-medicalinformation@sanofi.com

Manufacturer

Zentiva, k. s.

U Kabelovny 130, 102 37 Prague 10,

Dolní Měcholupy, Czech Republic

Sanofi Winthrop Industrie-Tours,

30-36 avenue Gustave Eiffel,

37100 Tours, France

This leaflet does not contain all the information about your medicine. If you have any questions or are not sure about anything, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

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