

Project Name / Design	Calpol Six Plus Sugar Free Suspension/GB/ 100/ 200ml/ SNAS 4110/ CRD 12941 12942/ PIL/ LNS18507		
New Component / Item Code	LNS18507	PC Spec	PC-0006331
Old Component / Item Code	LNS18506	Languages	GB (English)
Product / Eurocode / Mat. ID Code	R395812	Job / Version No.	404022629_r1 Date 27-02-2025



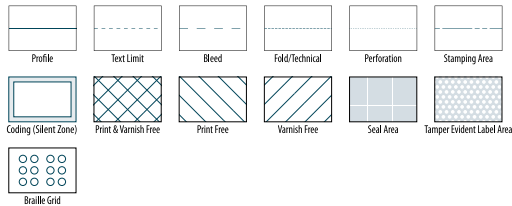
REPRESENTATION: Colours represented with a diagonal line have been modified to aid PDF approval.

MANUFACTURING SITE

Reference	NOTCOT0	Security Code / KFP	LNS18507
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TECHNICAL DETAILS

Component	Leaflet	Plant	Delpharm Orléans
Dimensions	160 x 210 mm	Master DieLine	JJDEL_00043_V1 Date 14-05-2020



FONTS USED

HelveticaNeueLTStd-BdCn
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-Cn
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-CnO
 ZapfDingbatsTC
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-BdCnO

SMALLEST TEXT SIZE

4.00 pt

AVE. TEXT SIZE

7.5 pt

LARGEST TEXT SIZE

14.00 pt

**SixPlus
 Sugar Free
 Suspension**
Paracetamol
 250 mg per 5 ml

- This medicine brings down high temperatures (also called fever) and relieves pain.
- This medicine is intended for most children over 6 years.
- **Do not give it to children on this list:**
 - Not to children taking some other medicines. *See section 2*
 - Not to anyone who is allergic to the ingredients. *See section 6*
- **Follow the dosage instructions carefully.** Children of different ages need different amounts. These are shown in the tables. *See section 3*
- **Speak to your doctor** if anything in this list applies:
 - If a child is not getting better, or needs more medicine than shown in the table. *See section 3*
 - If a child gets a rash, breathing problems, diarrhoea or gets very tired. *See section 3*

Now read this whole leaflet carefully before you use this medicine. Keep the leaflet: you might need it again.

What is in this leaflet

1. What this medicine is used for
2. What you need to know before you use this medicine
3. How to use this medicine
4. Possible side-effects
5. How to store this medicine
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1 What the medicine is for

The paracetamol in CALPOL SIXPLUS[®] Sugar Free Suspension is used to relieve mild/moderate pain and / or bring down fever (high temperature) in many conditions including cold and flu, headache, toothache, earache, post immunisation fever, sore throat and other aches and pains.

2 Before giving the medicine to your child

This medicine is suitable for most people but a few people should not use it. If you are in any doubt, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

⚠ Do not give your child this medicine...

- If s/he is allergic to paracetamol or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- If s/he has ever had a bad reaction to any of the ingredients.
- If s/he is taking anything else with paracetamol in it. If any of these apply, get advice from a doctor or pharmacist without using CALPOL[®].

⚠ Warnings and precautions...

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before giving your child this medicine if:

- Your child has serious kidney or liver problems.
- Your child has an inherited intolerance to fructose or been diagnosed with an intolerance to some other sugars.

During treatment with this medicine, tell your doctor straight away if:

- you have severe illnesses, including severe renal impairment or sepsis (when bacteria and their toxins circulate in the blood leading to organ damage), or you suffer from malnutrition, chronic alcoholism or if you are also taking flucoxacinil (an antibiotic). A serious condition called metabolic acidosis (a blood and fluid abnormality) has been reported in patients in these situations when paracetamol is used at regular doses for a prolonged period or when paracetamol is taken together with flucoxacinil. Symptoms of metabolic acidosis may include: serious breathing difficulties with deep rapid breathing, drowsiness, feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting).

⚠ Other medicines and paracetamol

Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking:

- *metoclopramide* or *dopergidone* (used to treat nausea and vomiting)
- *cholestyramine* (used to treat high cholesterol)
- *anticoagulants* (drugs that thin the blood, such as warfarin)
- *anticonvulsants* (drugs to treat epilepsy)
- flucoxacinil (antibiotic), due to a serious risk of blood and fluid abnormality (called metabolic acidosis) that must have urgent treatment (see section 2)

If you are not sure about the medicine your child is taking, show the bottle or pack to your pharmacist. If any of these bullet points apply, talk to a doctor or pharmacist.

If adults take this medicine:

The following additional warnings are included in case an adult takes this product:

- You can use this medicine while you are taking oral contraceptives ('the pill'), but it may not work so well on your pain or fever.
- If you drink large amounts of alcohol, talk to your doctor before you take this medicine. You may be more susceptible to the side-effects of paracetamol. If this applies to you, talk to a doctor before use.
- If necessary, the medicine can be used during pregnancy.



You should use the lowest possible dose that reduces your pain and/or your fever and use it for the shortest time possible. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if the pain and/or fever are not reduced or if you need to take the medicine more often.

- Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine if you are breastfeeding.

⚠ Some of the ingredients can cause problems

- Methyl (E218) and propyl (E216) parahydroxybenzoate may cause allergic reactions which could possibly be delayed.
- The sorbitol (E420) and maltitol content of this product means that this product is unsuitable for people with inherited intolerance to fructose.
- This medicine contains 1935 mg of sorbitol liquid (E420) per 5 ml dose which is equivalent to 387 mg/ml and 2.04 g maltitol liquid. Sorbitol is a source of fructose. If your doctor has told you that your child has an intolerance to some sugars or if your child has been diagnosed with hereditary fructose intolerance (HFI), a rare genetic disorder in which a person cannot break down fructose, talk to your doctor before your child receives this medicine. Sorbitol may cause gastrointestinal discomfort and a mild laxative effect.
- Maltitol may have a mild laxative effect.
- Calorific values: 2.6 kcal/g sorbitol and 2.3 kcal/g maltitol.
- This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per 5 ml, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.
- This medicine contains 20.92 mg propylene glycol (E1520) in each 5 ml dose, which is equivalent to 4.18 mg/ml.
- This medicine contains 0.05 mg benzyl alcohol in each 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.01 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol may cause allergic reactions. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice if you are pregnant or breastfeeding, or if you have a liver or kidney disease. This is because large amounts of benzyl alcohol can build-up in your body and may cause side effects (called 'metabolic acidosis').

3 How to use this medicine

Check the table to see how much medicine to use.

- For oral use only.
- Always use the syringe supplied with the pack.
- It is important to shake the bottle for at least 10 seconds before use.
- Do not give more medicine than the label tells you to. If your child does not get better, talk to your doctor.
- Do not give anything else containing paracetamol while giving this medicine.

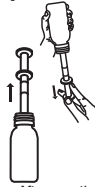
ⓘ How to use the syringe



- Shake the bottle for at least 10 seconds and remove the cap.
- There is a plug with a hole in the neck of the bottle. Insert the end of the syringe in to the hole and ensure it is secure.

turn over ▶

(continued)



- Hold the syringe in place and turn the bottle upside down and gently pull down the plunger to either 2.5 ml or 5 ml as appropriate (see tables for the correct dose).
- Turn the bottle the right way up.
- Remove the syringe by holding onto the bottle and twisting out gently.
- Place the syringe inside the child's mouth against the cheek and press the plunger slowly to gently release the medicine.
- After use, the plug should remain in the neck of the bottle. Wipe the plug and neck clean and rinse the cap before replacing.
- The syringe should be washed and dried after use. It should be cleaned by hand without removing the plunger.

i Children under 6 years

Not recommended for children under 6 years old.
Ask your pharmacist to recommend a suitable product.

i Children from 6 years

Child's Age	How much - up to 4 times a day
6-8 years	5 ml
8-10 years	7.5 ml (5 ml + 2.5 ml)
10-12 years	10 ml (5 ml + 5 ml)
12-16 years	10 - 15 ml (Two to three 5 ml doses)
Adults and children over 16 years	10 - 20 ml (Two to four 5 ml doses)

- Do not give more than 4 doses in any 24 hour period.
- Leave at least 4 hours between doses.
- Do not give this medicine to your child for more than 3 days without speaking to your doctor or pharmacist.

! Speak to your doctor:

- If your child needs more than the doses shown in the table, or if fever doesn't go away, speak to your doctor as soon as possible.
- If you are not sure of the cause of your child's illness or it is accompanied by a rash, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea or excessive tiredness or lethargy, speak to your doctor straight away. Do not give CALPOL® until you get medical advice.

! If anyone has too much

Talk to a doctor at once if your child takes too much of this medicine, even if they seem well. This is because too much paracetamol can cause delayed, serious liver damage. The symptoms of overdose may include pale skin, nausea, sweating, feeling of discomfort or uneasiness, vomiting, loss of appetite and abdominal pain.

! If you forget to give the medicine

Give the next dose when needed, provided that the last dose was given at least 4 hours ago. **Do not** give a double dose.

4 Possible side-effects

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension can have side-effects, like all medicines, although these don't affect everyone and are usually mild.

! Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of these:

- allergic reactions including swelling of the face, tongue or throat, difficulty swallowing, unexplained wheezing, shortness of breath, rash or hives.
- becoming unusually tired, unexpected bruising or bleeding and getting more infections (such as colds) than usual. These are very rare effects in people taking paracetamol.
- very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported. Symptoms may include: skin reddening, blisters, rash. If skin reactions occur or existing skin symptoms worsen, stop use and seek medical help right away.
- a serious condition that can make blood more acidic (called metabolic acidosis), in patients with severe illness using paracetamol (see section 2). This side effect has a frequency of "not known" which means it cannot be estimated from the available data.

If your child shows any of these signs, **stop giving paracetamol and talk to a doctor right away.**

Long term use: People who use medicines containing paracetamol every day for a long time (several months or more) could get certain side-effects, including liver and kidney damage. People taking paracetamol in the usual way for shorter periods have not had these problems, but liver function tests may be affected.

If you notice any side-effects not included in this leaflet please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side-effects: If you get any side-effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side-effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: <http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard> or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side-effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5 Storing this medicine

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in the original package.

Do not use after the end of the month shown as an expiry date on the packaging.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6 Further Information

What's in this medicine?

The active ingredient is: Paracetamol 250 mg per 5 ml.

Other ingredients are: Maltitol, sorbitol liquid (E420), glycerol, microcrystalline cellulose and carmellose sodium, xanthan gum, polysorbate 80, methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218), propyl parahydroxybenzoate (E216), acesulfame potassium, saccharin sodium and purified water. The flavouring is imitation strawberry (containing propylene glycol (E1520) and benzyl alcohol).

What this medicine looks like and contents of the pack

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension is a white liquid, available in 100 ml and 200 ml bottles. It contains 250 mg of the active ingredient paracetamol in every 5 ml of medicine. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

The Marketing Authorisation holder is McNeil Products Limited, 50 – 100 Holmers Farm Way, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HP12 4EG, UK.

The manufacturer is Delpharm Orléans, 5 avenue de Concyr, 45071 Orléans, Cedex 2, France.

This leaflet was revised January 2025

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LN518507

MANUFACTURING SITE

Reference JISC_00371_V1

Ct Ref Printer N/A

Ct Ref Plant N/A

TECHNICAL DETAILS

Component 160 x 210mm

Plant MACHILL BERGICA

Master Diehne KMIN_00233_V1

Date 24-02-2025

Profile	
Text Limit	
Bleed	
Field/Technical	
Perforation	
Stamping Area	

Coding (Silent Zone)	
Print & Varnish Free	
Print Free	
Varnish Free	
Seal Area	
Tamper Evident Label Area	

Braille Grid	
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FONTS USED

HelveticaNeueLTStd-BCHN

HelveticaNeueLTStd-BCHN

HelveticaNeueLTStd-CN

ZapfDingbatsITC

SMALLEST TEXT SIZE	4.00 pt
AVERAGE TEXT SIZE	7.5 pt
LARGEST TEXT SIZE	14.00 pt

Product / Eurocode / Mat. ID Code	90297302	Job / Version No.	404026296 / 1	Date	06-03-2025
Old Component / Item Code	9002278	Languages	GB (English)	PC Spec	FC 0013346
New Component / Item Code	6524871	Technical Code	6524871	Substrate	WHITE



- This medicine brings down high temperatures (also called fever) and relieves pain.
- This medicine is intended for most children over 6 years.
- **Do not give it to children on this list:**
 - Children taking some other medicines.
 - Not to anyone who is allergic to the ingredients.

- **Follow the dosage instructions carefully.** Children of different ages need different amounts. These are shown in the tables. See section 3 ▶
- **Speak to your doctor** if anything in this list applies:
 - It is more than 3 days of fever.
 - It is more than 5 days of fever.
 - If a child gets a rash, breathing problems, diarrhoea or gets very tired. See section 3 ▶

Now read this whole leaflet carefully before you use this medicine. Keep the leaflet; you might need it again.

1. What is this leaflet.
2. What this medicine is used for.
3. How to use this medicine.
4. Possible side-effects.
5. How to store this medicine.
6. Contents of the pack and other information.

- 1 **What the medicine is for**
The paracetamol in CALPOL SIXPLUS[®] Sugar Free Suspension is used to relieve mild/moderate pain and / or bring down fever (high temperature) in many conditions including cold and flu, headache, toothache, earache, post-immunisation fever, sore throat and other aches and pains.

- 2 **Before giving the medicine to your child**
This medicine is suitable for most people but a few people should not use it. If you are in any doubt, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

- 3 **Do not give your child this medicine...**
 - If **it is safe** to give paracetamol or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6) to your child, you can give it to your child.
 - If you are **not** sure if it is safe to give paracetamol in it, or if any of these applies, **get advice from a doctor or pharmacist without using CALPOL[®].**

1 Warnings and precautions...

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before giving your child this medicine if:

- **Your child has serious kidney or liver problems.**
- **Your child has an inherited intolerance to fructose or been diagnosed with an intolerance to some other sugars.**

During treatment with this medicine, tell your doctor straight away if:

- you experience any of the following symptoms:
 - impairment or sores (when bled) and their toxins circulate in the blood leading to organ damage), or you suffer from malnutrition, chronic alcoholism or if you are also taking fluococlin (an antibiotic). A serious condition called metabolic acidosis (a blood and fluid abnormality) can occur when you take paracetamol.
 - paracetamol is used at regular doses for a prolonged period.
 - Symptoms of metabolic acidosis may include: serious breathing difficulties with deep rapid breathing, drowsiness, feeling sick (vomited) and being sick (vomiting).

2 Other medicines and paracetamol

Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking:

- **metoclopramide** or **dopamine** (used to treat nausea and vomiting)
- **anticoagulants** (drugs that thin the blood, such as warfarin)
- **anticonvulsants** (drugs to treat epilepsy)
- **fluococlin** (antibiotic, due to a serious risk of blood and fluid abnormality (called metabolic acidosis) that must have urgent treatment (see section 2).

If you are not sure about the medicine your child is taking, show the bottle or pack to your pharmacist.

If your child has a fever, **do not** give them paracetamol or other medicines at the same time.

3 If adults take this medicine:

The following additional warnings are included in case an adult takes this product:

- You can use this medicine while you are taking oral contraceptives ("the pill"), but it may not work so well on your pain or fever.
- If you drink large amounts of alcohol, talk to your doctor before you take this medicine. You may be more susceptible to the side-effects of paracetamol. If this applies to you, talk to a doctor before use.

- If necessary, the medicine can be used during pregnancy. You should use the lowest possible dose that reduces your pain and/or your fever and use it for the shortest time possible. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if you are pregnant or breastfeeding. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine if you are breastfeeding.

4 Some of the ingredients can cause problems

Methyl E219 (E219) and methyl E220 (E220) are preservatives. Methyl E219 (E219) may cause allergic reactions which could possibly be delayed. The sorbitol (E220) and methylol content of this product means that this product is unsuitable for people with inherited intolerance to fructose.

This medicine contains 21.5% (w/v) benzyl alcohol (E220) per 5 ml dose which is equivalent to 387 mg/ml and 2.04 g methylol liquid. Sorbitol is a source of fructose. If your doctor has told you that your child has an intolerance to some sugars or if your child has been diagnosed with fructose intolerance, do not give your child this medicine. In which a person cannot break down fructose, talk to your doctor before your child receives this medicine.

Sorbitol may cause gastrointestinal discomfort and a mild laxative effect. Sorbitol is a mild laxative effect. Caloric values: 2.6 kcal/g sorbitol and 2.3 kcal/g methylol. This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (E220) per 5 ml, that is to say essentially "sodium free". This medicine contains 21.5% (w/v) benzyl alcohol (E220) per 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.17 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.17 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol may cause allergic reactions. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

Always use the syringe supplied with the pack. It is important to shake the bottle for at least 10 seconds before use. Do not give more medicine than the label tells you to. If your child does not get better, talk to your doctor. This medicine contains 0.05 mg benzyl alcohol in each 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.17 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol may cause allergic reactions. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

3 How to use this medicine

Check the table to see how much medicine to use.

- Always use the syringe supplied with the pack.
- Do not give more medicine than the label tells you to.
- If your child does not get better, talk to your doctor.
- This medicine contains 0.05 mg benzyl alcohol in each 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.17 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol may cause allergic reactions. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

How to use the syringe

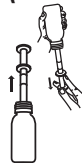
- Shake the bottle for at least 10 seconds and remove the cap.
- There is a plug with a hole in the neck of the bottle and a hole in the syringe. In to the hole and ensure it is secure.

Turn over ▶



65248721

(continued)



- Hold the syringe in place and turn the bottle upside down and gently pull down the plunger to either 2.5 ml or 5 ml as appropriate (see tables for the correct dose).
- Turn the bottle the right way up.
- Remove the syringe by holding onto the bottle and twisting out gently.
- Place the syringe inside the child's mouth against the cheek and press the plunger slowly to gently release the medicine.
- After use, the plug should remain in the neck of the bottle. Wipe the plug and neck clean and rinse the cap before replacing.
- The syringe should be washed and dried after use. It should be cleaned by hand without removing the plunger.

i Children under 6 years

Not recommended for children under 6 years old. Ask your pharmacist to recommend a suitable product.

i Children from 6 years

Child's Age	How much - up to 4 times a day
6-8 years	5 ml
8-10 years	7.5 ml (5 ml + 2.5 ml)
10-12 years	10 ml (5 ml + 5 ml)
12-16 years	10 - 15 ml (Two to three 5 ml doses)
Adults and children over 16 years	10 - 20 ml (Two to four 5 ml doses)

- Do not give more than 4 doses in any 24 hour period.
- Leave at least 4 hours between doses.
- Do not give this medicine to your child for more than 3 days without speaking to your doctor or pharmacist.

! Speak to your doctor:

- If your child needs more than the doses shown in the table, or if fever doesn't go away, speak to your doctor as soon as possible.
- If you are not sure of the cause of your child's illness or it is accompanied by a rash, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea or excessive tiredness or lethargy, speak to your doctor straight away. Do not give CALPOL® until you get medical advice.

! If anyone has too much

Talk to a doctor at once if your child takes too much of this medicine, even if they seem well. This is because too much paracetamol can cause delayed, serious liver damage. The symptoms of overdose may include pale skin, nausea, sweating, feeling of discomfort or uneasiness, vomiting, loss of appetite and abdominal pain.

! If you forget to give the medicine

Give the next dose when needed, provided that the last dose was given at least 4 hours ago. **Do not** give a double dose.

4 Possible side-effects

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension can have side-effects, like all medicines, although these don't affect everyone and are usually mild.

! Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of these:

- allergic reactions including swelling of the face, tongue or throat, difficulty swallowing, unexplained wheezing, shortness of breath, rash or hives.
- becoming unusually tired, unexpected bruising or bleeding and getting more infections (such as colds) than usual. These are very rare effects in people taking paracetamol.
- very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported. Symptoms may include: skin reddening, blisters, rash. If skin reactions occur or existing skin symptoms worsen, stop use and seek medical help right away.
- a serious condition that can make blood more acidic (called metabolic acidosis), in patients with severe illness using paracetamol (see section 2). This side effect has a frequency of "not known" which means it cannot be estimated from the available data.

If your child shows any of these signs, **stop giving paracetamol and talk to a doctor right away.**

Long term use: People who use medicines containing paracetamol every day for a long time (several months or more) could get certain side-effects, including liver and kidney damage. People taking paracetamol in the usual way for shorter periods have not had these problems, but liver function tests may be affected.

If you notice any side-effects not included in this leaflet please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side-effects: If you get any side-effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side-effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: <http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard> or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side-effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5 Storing this medicine

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children. Do not store above 25°C.

Store in the original package.

Do not use after the end of the month shown as an expiry date on the packaging.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6 Further Information

What's in this medicine?

The active ingredient is: Paracetamol 250 mg per 5 ml.

Other ingredients are: Maltitol, sorbitol liquid (E420), glycerol, microcrystalline cellulose and carmellose sodium, xanthan gum, polysorbate 80, methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218), propyl parahydroxybenzoate (E216), acesulfame potassium, saccharin sodium and purified water. The flavouring is imitation strawberry (containing propylene glycol (E1520) and benzyl alcohol).

What this medicine looks like and contents of the pack

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension is a white liquid, available in 100 ml and 200 ml bottles. It contains 250 mg of the active ingredient Paracetamol in every 5 ml of medicine. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

The Marketing Authorisation holder is McNeil Products Limited, 50 – 100 Holmers Farm Way, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HP12 4EG, UK.

The manufacturer is McNeil Iberica S.L.U., 28805 Madrid, Spain.

This leaflet was revised February 2025

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Project Name / Design	Calpol Six Plus Suspension Sugar Free (sachets)/ GB/ 12s/ SMS 4110/CRD 12939/ PIL/ LNS02610		
New Component / Item Code	LNS02610	PC Spec	PC-0006331
Old Component / Item Code	LNS02609	Languages	English
Product / Eurocode / Mat. ID Code	5687816	Job / Version No.	404019095_r1
		Date	25-02-2025



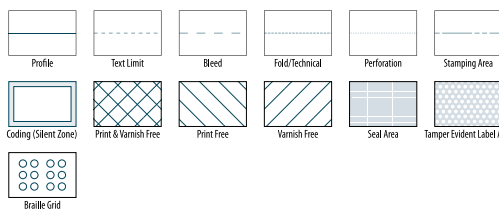
REPRESENTATION: Colours represented with a diagonal line have been modified to aid PDF approval.

MANUFACTURING SITE

Reference	NOTFOOS	Security Code / ICFP	Laetus 24
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TECHNICAL DETAILS

Component	Leaflet	Plant	Delpharm Orléans
Dimensions	165 x 210 mm	Master DieLine	JJDEL_00048_V2
		Date	28-08-2020



FONTS USED

HelveticaNeueLTStd-BdCn
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-Cn
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-CnO
 ZapfDingbatsTC
 HelveticaNeueLTStd-BdCnO

SMALLEST TEXT SIZE

4.00 pt

AVE. TEXT SIZE

7.5 pt

LARGEST TEXT SIZE

14.00 pt



- This medicine brings down high temperatures (also called fever) and relieves pain.
- This medicine is intended for most children over 6 years.
- **Do not give it to children on this list:**
 - Not to children taking some other medicines. See section 2 ►
 - Not to anyone who is allergic to the ingredients. See section 6 ►
- **Follow the dosage instructions carefully.** Children of different ages need different amounts. These are shown in the tables. See section 3 ►
- **Speak to your doctor** if anything in this list applies:
 - If a child is not getting better, or needs more medicine than shown in the table. See section 3 ►
 - If a child gets a rash, breathing problems, diarrhoea or gets very tired. See section 3 ►

Now read this whole leaflet carefully before you use this medicine. Keep the leaflet; you might need it again.

What is in this leaflet

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1 What the medicine is for

The paracetamol in CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension is used to relieve mild/moderate pain and / or bring down fever (high temperature) in many conditions including cold and flu, headache, toothache, earache, post immunisation fever, sore throat and other aches and pain.

2 Before giving the medicine to your child

This medicine is suitable for most people but a few people should not use it. If you are in any doubt, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

⚠ Do not give your child this medicine...

- If s/he is allergic to paracetamol or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- If s/he has ever had a bad reaction to any of the ingredients.
- If s/he is taking anything else with paracetamol in it.

If any of these applies, get advice from a doctor or pharmacist without using CALPOL®.

⚠ Warnings and precautions...

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before giving your child this medicine if:

- Your child has serious kidney or liver problems.
- Your child has an inherited intolerance to fructose or been diagnosed with an intolerance to some other sugars.

⚠ During treatment with this medicine, tell your doctor straight away if:

- you have severe illnesses, including severe renal impairment or sepsis (when bacteria and their toxins circulate in the blood leading to organ damage), or you suffer from malnutrition, chronic alcoholism or if you are also taking flucoxacinil (an antibiotic). A serious condition called metabolic acidosis (a blood and fluid abnormality) has been reported in patients in these situations when paracetamol is used at regular doses for a prolonged period or when paracetamol is taken together with flucoxacinil. Symptoms of metabolic acidosis may include: serious breathing difficulties with deep rapid breathing, drowsiness, feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting).

⚠ Other medicines and paracetamol

Please inform your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking:

- *metoclopramide* or *dopergidone* (used to treat nausea and vomiting)
- *cholestyramine* (used to treat high cholesterol)
- *anticoagulants* (drugs that thin the blood, such as warfarin)
- *antiepileptics* (drugs to treat epilepsy)
- *flucoxacinil* (antibiotic), due to a serious risk of blood and fluid abnormality (called metabolic acidosis) that must have urgent treatment (see section 2).

If you are not sure about the medicine your child is taking, show the bottle or pack to your pharmacist.

If any of these bullet points apply, talk to a doctor or pharmacist.

If adults take this medicine:

The following additional warnings are included in case an adult takes this product:

- You can use this medicine while you are taking oral contraceptives ("the pill"), but it may not work so well on your pain or fever.
- If you drink large amounts of alcohol, talk to your doctor before you take this medicine. You may be more susceptible to the side-effects of paracetamol. If this applies to you, talk to a doctor before use.
- If necessary, the medicine can be used during pregnancy. You should use the lowest possible dose that reduces your pain and/or your fever and use it for the shortest time possible. Contact your doctor or pharmacist if the pain and/or fever are not reduced or if you need to take the medicine more often.
- Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine if you are breastfeeding.

⚠ Some of the ingredients can cause problems

- Methyl (E218) and propyl (E216) parahydroxybenzoate may cause allergic reactions which could possibly be delayed.
- The sorbitol (E420) and maltitol content of this product means that this product is unsuitable for people with inherited intolerance to fructose.
- This medicine contains 1935 mg of sorbitol liquid (E420) per 5 ml dose which is equivalent to 387 mg/ml and 2.04 g maltitol liquid. Sorbitol is a source of fructose. If your doctor has told you that your child has an intolerance to some sugars or if your child has been diagnosed with hereditary fructose intolerance (HFI), a rare genetic disorder in which a person cannot break down fructose, talk to your doctor before your child receives this medicine.
- Sorbitol may cause gastrointestinal discomfort and mild laxative effect.
- Maltitol may have a mild laxative effect.
- Caloric values: 2.6 kcal/g sorbitol and 2.3 kcal/g maltitol.
- This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per 5 ml, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.
- This medicine contains 20.92 mg propylene glycol (E1520) in each 5 ml dose, which is equivalent to 4.18 mg/ml.
- This medicine contains 0.05 mg benzyl alcohol in each 5 ml which is equivalent to 0.01 mg/ml. Benzyl alcohol may cause allergic reactions. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice if you are pregnant or breastfeeding, or if you have a liver or kidney disease. This is because large amounts of benzyl alcohol can build-up in your body and may cause side effects (called "metabolic acidosis").

3 How to use this medicine

Check the table below to see how much medicine to use.

- For oral use only.
- Each sachet contains 5 ml of this medicine.

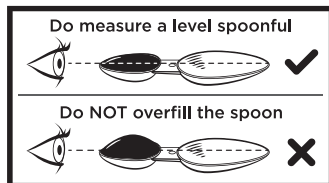
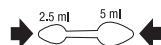
Any unused contents of the open sachet should be discarded.

turn over ►

(continued)

- Do not give more medicine than the label tells you to. If your child does not get better, talk to your doctor.
- Do not overfill the spoon.
- Always use the spoon supplied with the pack.
- It is important to **massage the sachet** before use.
- Do not give anything else containing paracetamol while giving this medicine.

There is a double-ended spoon in the pack.



i Children under 6 years

Not recommended for children under 6 years old. Ask your pharmacist to recommend a suitable product.

i Children from 6 years

Child's Age	How much - up to 4 times a day
6-8 years	5 ml
8-10 years	7.5 ml (5 ml + 2.5 ml)
10-12 years	10 ml (5 ml + 5 ml)
12-16 years	10 - 15 ml (Two to three 5 ml doses)
Adults and children over 16 years	10 - 20 ml (Two to four 5 ml doses)

- Do not give more than 4 doses in any 24 hour period.
- Leave at least 4 hours between doses.
- Do not give this medicine to your child for more than 3 days without speaking to your doctor or pharmacist.

! Speak to your doctor:

- If your child needs more than the doses shown in the table, or if fever doesn't go away, speak to your doctor as soon as possible.

- If you are not sure of the cause of your child's illness or it is accompanied by a rash, breathing difficulties, diarrhoea or excessive tiredness or lethargy, speak to your doctor straight away. Do not give CALPOL® until you get medical advice.

! If anyone has too much

Talk to a doctor at once if your child takes too much of this medicine, even if they seem well. This is because too much paracetamol can cause delayed, serious liver damage. The symptoms of overdose may include pale skin, nausea, sweating, feeling of discomfort or uneasiness, vomiting, loss of appetite and abdominal pain.

! If you forget to give the medicine

Give the next dose when needed, provided that the last dose was given at least 4 hours ago. **Do not** give a double dose.

4 Possible side-effects

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension can have side-effects, like all medicines, although these don't affect everyone and are usually mild.

! Tell your doctor as soon as possible if you notice any of these:

- allergic reactions including swelling of the face, tongue or throat, difficulty swallowing, unexplained wheezing, shortness of breath, rash or hives.
- becoming unusually tired, unexpected bruising or bleeding and getting more infections (such as colds) than usual. These are very rare effects in people taking paracetamol.
- very rare cases of serious skin reactions have been reported. Symptoms may include: skin reddening, blisters, rash. If skin reactions occur or existing skin symptoms worsen, stop use and seek medical help right away.
- a serious condition that can make blood more acidic (called metabolic acidosis), in patients with severe illness using paracetamol (see section 2). This side effect has a frequency of "not known" which means it cannot be estimated from the available data.

If your child shows any of these signs, **stop giving paracetamol and talk to a doctor right away.**

Long term use: People who use medicines containing paracetamol every day for a long time (several months or more) could get certain side-effects, including liver and kidney damage. People taking paracetamol in the usual way for shorter periods have not had these problems, but liver function tests may be affected.

If you notice any side-effects not included in this leaflet please tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Reporting of side-effects: If you get any side-effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side-effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side-effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: <http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard> or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side-effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5 Storing this medicine

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store above 25°C.

Store in the original package.

Do not use after the end of the month shown as an expiry date on the packaging.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6 Further Information

What's in this medicine?

The active ingredient is: Paracetamol 250 mg per 5 ml.

Other ingredients are: Maltitol, sorbitol liquid (E420), glycerol, microcrystalline cellulose and carmellose sodium, xanthan gum, polysorbate 80, methyl parahydroxybenzoate (E218), propyl parahydroxybenzoate (E216), acesulfame potassium, saccharin sodium and purified water. The flavouring is imitation strawberry (containing propylene glycol (E1520) and benzyl alcohol).

What this medicine looks like and contents of the pack

CALPOL SIXPLUS® Sugar Free Suspension is a white liquid, available in 12 x 5 ml sachets. It contains 250 mg of the active ingredient Paracetamol in every 5 ml of medicine.

The Marketing Authorisation holder is McNeil Products Ltd, 50 – 100 Holmers Farm Way, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HP12 4EG, UK.

The manufacturer is Delpharm Orléans, 5 avenue de Concyr, 45071 Orléans, Cedex 2, France.

This leaflet was revised January 2025.

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