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# **Pressurised Inhalation Suspension CFC-Free Inhaler** patient the leaflet: Information for sulfate ms alamol micro salbutamol Package | 100

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#### Read all of this leaflet carefully before What is in this leaflet you start using this . What Salamol is and what it is used for

medicine because it contains important information for you. Keep this leaflet.

read it again.

If you have any

further questions,

pharmacist or nurse.

This medicine has

been prescribed for

you only. Do not

pass it on to others.

It may harm them,

even if their signs

of illness are the

If you get any side

same as yours.

effects, talk to

vour doctor.

nurse. This

includes any

possible side

section 4

effects not listed

in this leaflet. See

pharmacist or

ask your doctor,

5. How to store Salamol You may need to

6. Contents of the pack and other information

3. How to use Salamol

4 Possible side effects

#### 1. What Salamol is and what it is used for

2. What you need to know before you use Salamol

#### Effect

Salamol contains salbutamol sulfate, which belongs to a group of medicines called beta agonists. Salbutamol is a bronchodilator and works by widening the airways in your lungs to allow air in and out. This helps you to feel less breathless, wheezy or tight-chested.

Salamol is used to treat asthma in adults, adolescents and children aged 4 to 11 years. It can also be used to prevent asthma caused by exercise or asthma caused by a reaction to allergens (substances to which you are allergic to e.g. house dust, pollen, dog hair, cat hair, cigarette smoke, etc.) or to treat breathing difficulties associated with reversible airways obstruction (e.g. chronic obstructive pulmonary disease [COPD]).

This type of medicine is known as a 'reliever'. You may be using another medicine to prevent you from having an asthma attack ("preventer"). You can safely use your preventer with this medicine.

#### 2. What you need to know before you use Salamol

#### Do not use Salamol if you:

- are allergic to salbutamol or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- unexpectedly go into early labour (premature labour) or threatened abortion.

#### Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse before using Salamol if:

- · your asthma is active (for example you have frequent symptoms or flare ups or limited physical ability). Your doctor may start or increase a medicine to control your asthma such as an inhaled corticosteroid
- you have high blood pressure
- you have an overactive thyroid gland
- you have a history of heart problems such as an irregular or fast heartbeat or angina you are taking xanthine derivatives (such as theophylline) or steroids to treat asthma
- you are taking water tablets (diuretics), sometimes used to treat high blood pressure or a heart condition.

#### Other medicines and Salamol

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription. This includes herbal medicines. Remember to take this medicine with you if you have to go to hospital. In particular tell your doctor, nurse or pharmacist if you are taking:

· medicines for an irregular or fast heartbeat • other medicines for your asthma.

If you are having treatment that requires a general anaesthetic, please tell your anaesthetist that you are taking Salamol. Do not use this medicine for at least six hours before the intended anaesthetic.

Salbutamol can reduce the amount of potassium in your blood. If this happens, you may notice an irregular heartbeat, muscle weakness or cramp. This is more likely If your asthma is active (for example you have to happen if you use salbutamol with some medicines used to treat high blood pressure, other medicines used to treat breathing problems (e.g. steroids), stimulants (e.g. xanthines) and long-term laxatives.

The following medicines may influence the effect of Salamol:

· some medicines for the treatment of high blood pressure such as beta-blockers (e.g. propranolol)

- medicines used to treat heart disease (e.g. digoxin)
- medicines for the treatment of depression (from the monoamine oxidase inhibitor group e.g. phenelzine or tricyclic antidepressants e.g. amitriptyline or trazodone)
- water tablets (diuretics) medicines for the treatment of chronic alcoholism
- (e.g. disulfiram) the anti-microbial drug metronidazole.

#### Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine

#### Driving and using machines

Salamol does not affect your ability to drive or to use machinery

#### Salamol contains ethanol

This medicine contains 3.93 mg of alcohol (ethanol) in each puff (metered dose). The amount in each puff (metered dose) of this medicine is equivalent to 0.1 ml beer or wine.

The small amount of alcohol in this medicine will not have any noticeable effects.

#### 3. How to use Salamol

Always use this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Salamol should be used as required rather than regularly.

frequent symptoms or flare ups, such as breathlessness that makes speaking, eating or sleeping difficult, cough, wheezing, tight chest or limited physical ability), you should tell your doctor right away who may start or increase a medicine to control your asthma such as an inhaled corticosteroid.

Tell your doctor as soon as possible if your medicine does not seem to be working as well as usual (for

example you need higher doses to relieve your breathing problems or your inhaler fails to give relief for at least 3 hours) as your asthma may be getting worse and you may need a different medicine.

If you use Salamol more than twice a week to treat your asthma symptoms, not including preventive use before exercise, this indicates poorly controlled asthma and may increase the risk of severe asthma attacks (worsening of asthma) that can have serious complications and may be life-threatening or even fatal. You should contact your doctor as soon as possible to review your asthma treatment.

If you use a medicine against inflammation of your lungs daily, e.q., "inhaled corticosteroid", it is important to continue using it regularly, even if you feel better.

Before using this medicine, please read this leaflet carefully and follow the instructions. An adult should always supervise children when they The dosage is individually adjusted according to your doctor's instructions, based on previous asthma use Salamol. Children may need help to use their inhaler. Parents can help by spraying the aerosol therapy when the child begins to breathe in. For the best results with this medicine you should Always remember the following:

use it when required to relieve symptoms of asthma and other chest conditions with similar symptoms, such as wheezing, breathlessness and tightness in your chest. Take one puff as a starting dose. This may be increased to two puffs if necessary.

To prevent asthma caused by exercise or allergens (e.g. house dust, pollen etc), take two puffs 10-15 minutes before you exercise or before exposure to known allergens.

Test spray the inhaler by firing two shots into the air Do not take more than eight puffs in 24 hours. Wait before you use it for the first time and also if you 4 hours between doses. have not used it for a period of five days or more.

#### Use in children and adolescents

The usual dose for children under the age of 12 years to relieve asthma symptoms such as wheezing, breathlessness and tightness in the chest, is one puff as a starting dose. This may be increased to two puffs if necessary.

Children over the age of 12 should refer to the adult dosage instructions above.

The usual dose for children under the age of 12 years

Pharma 2210



to prevent asthma caused by exercise or allergens (e.g. stop using it without talking to your doctor or nurse house dust, pollen etc), is one puff 10-15 minutes before exercise or before exposure to known allergens. This can be increased to two puffs if necessary. Children over the age of 12 should refer to the adult

dosage instructions above. The usual dose for children under the age of 12 years

for regular treatment of asthma is up to 2 puffs, 4 times a day.

Do not take more than eight puffs in 24 hours. Wait 4 hours between doses.

#### Instructions for use Important

• wait four hours between doses.

- tell your doctor if your asthma gets worse or if the inhaler does not provide as much relief from your asthma as before.
- you should sit or stand upright while taking this medicine. It is important when using this medicine to hold the inhaler upright as it will not work if it is not held in this position.

#### Using the Inhaler

If you or your child find it difficult to use the inhaler, your doctor or healthcare provider may be recommend using the Volumatic<sup>®</sup> spacer device with the inhaler. Your doctor, nurse, pharmacist, or other healthcare provider should show you how to use the Volumatic® spacer with your inhaler and show you how to care for your Volumatic spacer, and will answer any questions that you may have. It is important that if you are using the Volumatic spacer with your inhaler that you do not

first. If you stop using a spacer device your doctor may need to change the dose of medicine required to control your asthma. Always talk to your doctor before making any changes to your asthma treatment.

If you are not using a Volumatic spacer, ignore the steps specifically marked for Patients using a Volumatic spacer and continue to the next step.

If you are using a Volumatic spacer follow all the steps below including the ones for Patients using a Volumatic spacer.

1. Take the cap off the inhaler. Make sure the mouthpiece is clean and clear of fluff and dirt.



Patients using a Volumatic spacer - Fit the two halves of the Volumatic device together. Line up the notch on one half with the slot on the other (these are marked with small arrows), then press the two halves firmly together.

2. Hold the inhaler upright, with your thumb on the base and your first finger on the top of the canister\*. Now shake the inhaler vigorously up and down.

Patients using a Volumatic spacer - Fit the inhaler into the end of the Volumatic, opposite the mouthpiece. Check the mouthpiece of the Volumatic inside and outside to make sure that it is clean.

- 3. Breathe out normally as far as you comfortably can. Then hold the mouthpiece of the inhaler firmly between your lips.
- 4. Breathe in slowly and deeply. At the same time as you start to breathe in. press the aerosol canister with your first finger to spray the aerosol and release the medicine. Continue to breathe in slowly and deeply.





Patients using a Volumatic spacer - Press down with your finger(s) on the top of the inhaler to release one puff of medicine. Straight away take one deep steady breath or 5 normal breaths to make sure that the medicine goes into your lungs. You do not need to take the Volumatic out of your mouth to breathe out. You should hear the mouthpiece valve 'click' or rattle as you breathe through it. If you do not hear it, tilt the Volumatic Keeping the plastic mouthpiece clean is very important up slightly and try again.

5. Take the inhaler out of your mouth and hold your breath for 10 seconds, or for as long as you comfortably can. Breathe out slowly.

Patients using a Volumatic spacer - Take the Volumatic spacer out of your mouth and take your finger from the top of the inhaler. Continue holding your breath for a few seconds, or as long as is comfortable. Breathe out slowly.

- 6. If you need more than one puff, wait about one minute and then start again from step 2. Put the cap back on the inhaler
- 7. You must keep your inhaler clean, especially in the mouthpiece. This will prevent deposits from the aerosol building up. To prevent your inhaler becoming blocked you must clean it once a week.
- 8. What to do if your inhaler stops working properly? It is important to clean your inhaler regularly to prevent deposits from the aerosol building up and blocking the inhaler. If your inhaler does not seem to be working, it may be that your inhaler has become blocked and you should clean your inhaler according to the section "Cleaning the inhaler". If your inhaler still does not work, return it to your doctor or pharmacist.

Important: Do not rush steps 3 and 4. It is important that you start to breathe in as slowly as possible just before using your inhaler. Practice in front of the mirror for the first few times. If you see "mist" coming from the top of the inhaler or the sides of your mouth you should start again from step 2.

\*Note: Children and people with weak hands may find

for step 2 put your two first fingers on the top of the canister and both thumbs on the base of the inhaler.

✓ This product can be used with the Volumatic<sup>®</sup> Spacer. Please refer to the instruction leaflet for the Volumatic spacer device for further information.

#### Cleaning the inhaler

as it will help prevent your inhaler becoming blocked. You must clean your inhaler once a week.

A To clean your inhaler first remove the mouthpiece cap.

and the mouthpiece cap with warm running water for at least 30 seconds.

D Shake off any excess water and D dry the plastic mouthpiece and mouthpiece cap thoroughly (leave to dry overnight if possible but do not use direct heat. Put the metal canister back in your inhaler. Replace the cap.

ailure to allow the mouthpiece to dry properly ill result in an increase in blockage problems.

it easier to hold the inhaler with both hands, in this case If you need to use your inhaler before it is dry, shake off any water from the plastic mouthpiece and put the canister back in. Test spray the inhaler by firing two puffs in the air before taking your usual dose. Wash and dry the mouthpiece again as described above.

## Your Volumatic should be cleaned regularly,

Gently pull the two halves of the Volumatic apart.

B Wash the two halves of the Volumatic in warm water, which can contain a mild detergent or a sterilising solution of the type used to clean babies' bottles. You can use a soft toothbrush or bottle to help remove any film which forms on the valve or the inside of the Volumatic. As long as the valve still moves when you breathe in and out, this deposit

C Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Leave the parts at room temperature until they are completely dry. Do not rub the inside of your Volumatic with a cloth or polish as this may cause static electricity which can affect the medicine. Do not put the Volumatic in a heated place to dry more quickly. D Store the Volumatic in the carton to keep clean.

Children can assembly the Volumatic and clean it as necessary under adult supervision.

The Volumatic may need to be replaced after about 6 to 12 months of use.

If you use more Salamol than you should It is important that you take your dose as stated on the pharmacist's label or as advised by your doctor. You should not increase or decrease your dose without seeking medical advice.

If you accidentally take a larger dose than recommended, you may notice that your heart is beating faster than usual, that you feel shaky or tense, you may have a headache and your skin may look flushed and feel hot. These effects usually wear off in a few hours, but you should tell your doctor as soon as possible. Your doctor may want to check

your blood potassium levels.

blood pressure.

#### 4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Contact your doctor immediately if you experience allergic (hypersensitivity) reactions. These include: • wheezing, coughing and difficulty breathing

feeling tense and getting headaches (which are

Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people

• muscle pain (myalgia), muscle cramps.

Rare: may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people

more likely with higher doses)

feeling shaky (muscle tremors)

mouth and throat irritation.

dizziness.

 rash, swelling of the face and throat and a fall in Additional side effects in children

- real have been reported. You might collapse in very rare circumstances.
- hyperactivity. If you experience any of these side effects or if they

If any of the side effects get serious, or if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet, please tell your doctor or pharmacist, but do not stop using this medicine unless you are told to do so.

itching of your skin;

the available data):

#### Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

#### 5. How to store Salamol

- a low level of potassium in your blood (if this happens, you may notice an irregular heartbeat, muscle weakness or cramp) children.
- increase in lactate levels and acid levels in the blood (you may experience symptoms such as persistent nausea and vomiting, unexplained tiredness, shortness of breath and rapid breathing, cold or blue hands and feet)
- sleep disturbances and sensing things that are not real rapid or irregular heart beat (tachycardia or palpitations)
- increased blood flow to your extremities (peripheral dilatation)

Do not store above 25°C. Do not refrigerate or freeze. If this medicine gets very cold, remove the metal canister from the inhaler and warm it in your hands for a few minutes before you use it. Do not warm the canister in any other way. Pressurised aerosol canister. Do not puncture, break or burn the canister, even if it seems empty.

occur suddenly after using salbutamol you should stop using your medication straightaway and tell your doctor immediately. Allergic reactions to salbutamol are very rare (occurring in less than 1 in 10,000 patients). will not affect the working of the Volumatic. Other side effects: Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people



C

- Rinse the inhaler mouthpiece
- Remove the metal canister from the plastic mouthpiece. Do not put the metal canister into water.
- Cleaning the Volumatic spacer preferably twice a week. Do not take the valve apart.

## nausea, vomiting and dry and sore mouth.

Very rare: may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people difficulty in sleeping (insomnia);

### • trembling (particularly your hands).

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from

chest pain (due to heart problems such as angina). · sleep disturbances and sensing things that are not

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

#### 6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### What Salamol contains

- The active substance is salbutamol sulfate equivalent to 100 micrograms of salbutamol in each puff (metered dose)
- The other ingredients are ethanol and the propellant norflurane (HFA-134a). This medicine does not contain any CFCs.
- · This medicine contains fluorinated greenhouse gases
- Each inhaler contains 7.5 g of norflurane (HFA-134a) corresponding to 0.01073 tonne CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent (global warming potential GWP = 1430).

#### What Salamol CFC-Free Inhaler looks like and contents of the pack

The name of your medicine is Salamol CFC-Free Inhaler 100 micrograms Pressurised Inhalation Suspension.

Each pack of Salamol contains a single inhaler and canister which supplies 200 metered doses.

#### Marketing Authorisation Holder

Norton Healthcare Ltd., T/A IVAX Pharmaceuticals UK, Ridings Point, Whistler Drive, Castleford, West Yorkshire, WF10 5HX, United Kingdom

### Manufacturer

IVAX Pharmaceuticals Ireland IDA Industrial Park, Waterford, Ireland

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